

30-16-1. Larceny.

- A. Larceny consists of the stealing of anything of value that belongs to another.
- B. Whoever commits larceny when the value of the property stolen is two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) or less is guilty of a petty misdemeanor.
- C. Whoever commits larceny when the value of the property stolen is over two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) but not more than five hundred dollars (\$500) is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- D. Whoever commits larceny when the value of the property stolen is over five hundred dollars (\$500) but not more than two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) is guilty of a fourth degree felony.
- E. Whoever commits larceny when the value of the property stolen is over two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) but not more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) is guilty of a third degree felony.
- F. Whoever commits larceny when the value of the property stolen is over twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) is guilty of a second degree felony.
- G. Whoever commits larceny when the property of value stolen is livestock is guilty of a third degree felony regardless of its value.
- H. Whoever commits larceny when the property of value stolen is a firearm is guilty of a fourth degree felony when its value is less than two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).